# WORLD PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY BASED INDIAN GEOGRAPHY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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## Created By Careericons Team

- Q1. The main centres of ship building industry in Japan are
- a) Yakohama and Wakohama
- b) Nagasaki and Yawata
- c) Nagita and Issikari
- d) Osaka and Kyoto

## Q2. The country located between 8° N and 37° N latitudes is

- a) India
- b) Bangladesh
- c) Pakistan
- d) China

### Q3. Consider the following statements:

- 1. A desert is a barren area of land where little precipitation occurs.
- 2. The Sahara desert is the largest singles stretch desert.
- 3. The next biggest desert is the Great Australian desert.
- Which of the statement(s) given is/are **correct**? a) 1 and 2
- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 only
- c) 1, 2 and 3
- d) 2 and 3

Q4. Which of the following seas/gulfs are connected by the Suez Canal?

- a) Gulf of Oman and the Red Sea
- b) The Mediterranean Sea and the Red Sea
- c) Persian Gulf and the Arabian Sea
- d) The Mediterranean Sea and the Gulf of Oman

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## Q5. Volcanic activity is more common in

- a) Japan
- b) Hawai
- c) New Zealand
- d) Colombia

**Q6.** The Pacific Islands from New Guinea South East-wards to the Fiji Islands group is called

- a) The Mellanesia
- b) The Polynesia
- c) The Autralasia
- d) The Micronesia

**Q7.** Lake formed by Aswan Dam in Africa is

- a) Victoria
- b) Chad
- c) Tanganyika
- d) Nassar

Q8. Which pair amongst the following is not correctly matched?

- a) Lorraine coal fields France
- b) The queen of Adriatic sea Rome
- c) Tula Russia
- d) West Midlands Birmingham

Q9. Which of the following rivers flow in Germany?

- a) Volga
- b) Seine
- c) Thames
- d) Danube

**Q10.** The pacific Islands from new Guinea South East-wards to the Fiji Islands' group is called

- a) The Mellanesia
- b) The Polynesia
- c) The Autralasia
- d) The Micronesia

## Q11. Statement I:

Temperatures of countries like United Kingdom, Norway, the Netherlands and Denmark are higher as compared to places located on similar latitudes during the winter.

## Statement II:

United Kingdom, Norway, the Netherlands and Denmark are located on the coast.

a) Both the statements 'are individually **true** but Statement II is **not** the **correct** explanation of Statement I.

b) Both the statements are individually **true** and Statement II is the **correct** explanation of Statement I.

c) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

d) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.

## Q12.

List I	List II		
(Local wind)	(Area of Prevalence)		
A. Chinook	1. North African desert		
B. Foehn	2. Rocky mountain slopes of the USA		
C. Sirocco	3. Northern slopes of Alps		
D. Mistral	4. Southern slopes of Alps		
Codes: A B C E a) 2 1 3 4	)		
b) 2 3 1 4			
c) 4 3 1 2			
d) 4 1 3 2			

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**Q13.** Other than India and China, which one of the following groups of countries border Myanmar?

- a) Cambodia, Laos and Malaysia
- b) Bangladesh, Thailand and Vietnam
- c) Thailand, Laos and Bangladesh
- d) Thailand, Vietnam and Malaysia

## Q14. The smallest island country in the Indian Ocean is

- a) Sri Lanka
- b) Maldives

- c) Madagascar
- d) Mauritius

**Q15.** Which among the following statements about the North Atlantic Drift is/are **correct**?

- It keeps the west coast of Northern Europe ice free
- It is responsible for the warm air mass which interacts with the cold air mass from the Polar region and causes rainfall in Western Europe
- It meets the Labrador current near Vancouver Island and causes dense fog .

Select the **correct** answer using the code given below a) 1 and 2 only

- b) 1, 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 2 only

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#### Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (b)

#### Q2. Answer: (a)

India lies to the north of the equator between 6° 44' and 35° 30' north latitude and 68° 7' and 97° 25' east longitude.

#### Q3. Answer: (c)

A desert is a barren area of land where little precipitation occurs and consequently, living conditions are hostile for plant and animal life.

The lack of vegetation exposes the unprotected surface of the ground to the processes of denudation. About one-third of the land surface of the world is arid or semi-arid.

This includes much of the Polar Regions where little precipitation occurs and which are sometimes called polar deserts or "cold deserts". The Sahara desert is the largest single stretch desert in the world and after that Great Australian Desert.

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Q4. Answer: (b)

The Suez Canal is an artificial sea-level waterway in Egypt, It connects the Mediterranean Sea and the Red Sea.

Q5. Answer: (b)

The Hawaiian Islands were (and continue to be) continuously formed from volcanic activity initiated at an undersea magma source called a hotspot.

As the tectonic plate beneath much of the Pacific Ocean moves to the northwest, the hot spot remains stationary, slowly creating new volcanoes.

#### Q6. Answer: (a)

Mellanesia region consists of the four countries of Vanuatu, Solomon Islands, Fiji and Guinea. It is a sub-region of Oceania extending from the western end of the Pacific Ocean to the Arafura Sea, and eastward to Fiji.

Besides these independent countries, Melanesia also includes New Caledonia, Maluku Islands and West Papua.

#### Q7. Answer: (d)

Lake Nasser was created by the construction of the Aswan High Dam in Southern Egypt across the waters of the Nile between 1958 and 1971. The largest man-made lake in the world, Lake Nasser has a major role in Egypt's fishing industry.

#### Q8. Answer: (b)

Venice is known as queen of the Adriatic.

#### Q9. Answer: (d)

The Danube is a river in Central Europe, the continent's second-longest after the Volga. Classified as an international waterway, it originates in the town of Donaueschingen which is in the Black Forest of Germany at the confluence of the rivers Brigach and Breg.

The Danube then flows southeast for 2,872 km (1,785 mi), passing through four Central European capitals before emptying into the Black Sea via the Danube Delta in Romania and Ukraine.

Once a long-standing frontier of the Roman Empire, the river passes through or touches the borders of ten countries:

- 1. Romania (29.0% of basin area),
- 2. Hungary (11.6%),
- 3. Serbia (10.2%),
- 4. Austria (10.0%),
- 5. Germany (7.0%),
- 6. Slovakia (5.9%),
- 7. Bulgaria (5.9%),
- 8. Croatia (4.4%),
- 9. Ukraine (3.8%), and
- 10. Moldova (1.6%),

more than any other. Its drainage basin extends into nine more.

### Q10. Answer: (a)

Mellanesia region consists of the four countries of Vanuatu, Solomon Islands, Fiji and Guinea. It is a sub-region of Oceania extending from the western end of the Pacific Ocean to the Arafura Sea, and eastward to Fiji. Besides these independent countries, Melanesia also includes New Caledonia, Maluku Islands and West Papua.

#### Q11. Answer: (b)

Since United Kingdom, Norway, Netherland and Denmark are located on the coast, their temperature is higher than the places located on similar latitudes during the winter.

### Q12. Answer: (b)

- 1. A **Chinook** wind is a weather phenomenon that creates warm, dry air that blows down the eastern slopes of the Canadian Rockies. The name Chinook means "snow eater," as the wind occurs most frequently in winter and can disrupt snowstorms and melt fallen snow.
- 2. Foehn blows in the Northern slopes of the Alps.
- 3. **Sirocco** blows in the North African desert while **Mistral** blows in the Southern slopes of the Alps.

Q13. Answer: (c)

Thailand, Laos and Bangladesh are countries bordering Myanmar.

#### Q14. Answer: (b)

Maldives is the smallest country **not** only in the Indian Ocean but also in Asia in terms of area and population. There are over 1,192 coral islands in the Maldives, which are spread over 90,000 sq.km, making it one of the world's most dispersed countries. They lie south-southwest of India and are considered part of Southern Asia.

#### Q15. Answer: (a)

The North Atlantic current or Drift or sea movement is a powerful warm ocean current that continues the gulf stream northeast, which stretches from Florida to north- western Europe. It moderates the chilled climate of western Europe.

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